

ASEAN COMMUNITY IN FIGURES

ACIF 2013




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ASEAN Community in Figures (ACIF) 2013

**The ASEAN Secretariat
Jakarta**



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FOREWORD

As with the previous issues, this 6th edition of the *ASEAN Community in Figures (ACIF) 2013* provides an update on major economic and social indicators pertaining to trade dependency and liberalisation, foreign direct investments as well as social developments in the ASEAN region.

We endeavor to release this publication annually in order to present the most up-to-date information useful to various stakeholders. Users are welcome to send their feedback to further enhance this reference material.



Le Luong Minh
Secretary-General of ASEAN
Jakarta, December 2013

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01 ASEAN and the world

Table 1

ASEAN: Population, Territory and Economy 2012

Country	Total land area (sq km)	Total Population (thousand)	Gross Domestic Product (GDP)			
			at current prices		per capita	
			(US\$ Mn)	(PPP\$ Mn) ^{2/}	(US\$)	(PPP\$)
Brunei Darussalam	5,769	400	16,970	22,151	42,445	55,405
Cambodia	181,035	14,741	14,411	37,083	978	2,516
Indonesia	1,860,360	244,776	878,223	1,216,868	3,588	4,971
Lao PDR	236,800	6,514	9,083	18,921	1,394	2,904
Malaysia	330,290	29,337	305,154	501,079	10,338	16,975
Myanmar ^{1/}	676,577	60,976	52,525	90,907	861	1,490
Philippines	300,000	97,691	250,543	423,925	2,565	4,339
Singapore	716	5,312	276,610	326,506	52,069	61,461
Thailand	513,120	67,912	366,127	652,598	5,391	9,609
Viet Nam	330,958	88,773	141,669	329,034	1,596	3,706
ASEAN	4,435,624	616,614	2,311,315	3,619,072	3,748	5,869
CLMV ^{3/}	1,425,370	171,005	217,688	475,944	1,273	2,783
ASEAN6 ^{4/}	3,010,254	445,609	2,093,626	3,143,127	4,698	7,054

1/ Myanmar: US\$-Kyat exchange rate is based on the parallel rate used in IMF-WEO April 2013.

2/ GDP per capita in PPP\$ is GDP converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity (PPP) rates. PPP dollar takes into account the differences in the purchasing power of the US dollar in the countries. PPP \$1 in a country, say Cambodia has the same purchasing power as PPP \$1 in all other countries in the world.

3/ CLMV includes Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Viet Nam.

4/ ASEAN6 consists of Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand.

Sources: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database and IMF-World Economic Outlook April 2013

» The region's population expanded to 616 million, the combined population of the ASEAN6 member countries accounted for 72.2 percent.

» ASEAN6's GDP share reached 91 percent of the region's total GDP of US\$2.3 trillion. In terms of GDP (PPP\$) or when international purchasing power is taken into account, the ASEAN6 contributed 87 percent to the overall ASEAN GDP of US\$3.6 trillion.

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 2

ASEAN and Selected Trading Partners: Population, Economy 2012-2013

Country/Region	Population million	Gross Domestic Product (at current prices)		Estimated 2013 GDP US\$ billion
		US\$ billion	PPP\$ billion ^{1/}	
Levels				
ASEAN	616.6	2,311	3,619	2,526
China	1,354.0	8,227	12,406	9,020
Japan	127.6	5,964	4,628	5,150
Republic of Korea	50.0	1,156	1,614	1,259
India	1,223.2	1,825	4,684	1,973
Australia	22.8	1,542	971	1,589
New Zealand	4.4	170	132	183
USA	314.2	15,685	15,685	16,238
EU-28 ^{2/}	507.0	16,584	16,093	17,228
Canada	34.8	1,819	1,488	1,844
Russia	141.9	2,022	2,513	2,214
Pakistan	178.9	232	515	239
Ratio of ASEAN to Trading Partners				
ASEAN	1.00	1.00	1.00	
China	0.46	0.28	0.29	
Japan	4.83	0.39	0.78	
Republic of Korea	12.33	2.00	2.24	
India	0.50	1.27	0.77	
Australia	27.08	1.50	3.73	
New Zealand	138.91	13.62	27.42	
USA	1.96	0.15	0.23	
EU-28 ^{2/}	1.22	0.14	0.22	
Canada	17.71	1.27	2.43	
Russia	4.34	1.14	1.44	
Pakistan	3.45	9.97	7.02	

1/ Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) dollar takes into account the differences in the purchasing power of the US dollar in the countries.

2/ EU-28 includes: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Sources: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database and IMF-World Economic Outlook April 2013

» In 2012, ASEAN's GDP (PPP\$) was about one-fourth that of its two highest trading partners - EU-28 and US (at US\$16.6 trillion and US\$15.7 trillion, respectively).

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 3

ASEAN and Selected Trading Partners: Trends of GDP per capita for periods indicated

Country/Region	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	Ratio 2012/2011
In US \$							
ASEAN	1,172	1,641	2,591	3,139	3,591	3,748	1.04
China	946	1,726	3,740	4,423	5,434	6,076	1.12
Japan	37,304	35,781	39,321	42,917	46,108	46,736	1.01
Republic of Korea	11,347	17,551	16,959	20,540	22,424	23,113	1.03
India	465	727	1,072	1,356	1,523	1,492	0.98
Australia	20,734	35,570	45,294	56,220	66,289	67,723	1.02
New Zealand	13,833	27,118	27,468	32,455	36,688	38,222	1.04
USA	35,252	42,629	45,461	46,811	48,328	49,922	1.03
EU-28 ^{1/}	17,544	27,989	32,692	32,437	34,928	32,825	0.94
Canada	24,134	36,150	40,651	47,424	51,716	52,232	1.01
Russia	1,775	5,313	8,568	10,674	13,335	14,247	1.07
Pakistan	539	721	973	1,030	1,202	1,296	1.08
In PPP international dollar							
ASEAN	2,910	3,917	4,901	5,221	5,520	5,869	
China	2,379	4,102	6,781	7,553	8,391	9,162	
Japan	25,669	30,441	32,323	34,280	34,853	36,266	
Republic of Korea	16,503	22,783	27,710	29,717	31,220	32,272	
India	1,534	2,185	3,039	3,378	3,667	3,830	
Australia	27,263	33,607	38,595	39,674	40,949	42,640	
New Zealand	19,917	25,082	27,376	27,899	28,667	29,730	
USA	35,252	42,629	45,461	46,811	48,328	49,922	
EU-28 ^{1/}	25,912	30,680	33,563	34,462	35,503	35,867	
Canada	29,735	36,094	38,934	40,224	41,690	42,734	
Russia	7,661	11,799	14,834	15,687	16,768	17,709	
Pakistan	1,780	2,231	2,642	2,702	2,786	2,881	

1/ EU-28 includes: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

Sources: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database and IMF-World Economic Outlook April 2013

» In 2012, the level of ASEAN GDP per capita (PPP\$) was way below that of its major trading partners, except for India and Pakistan.

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 4

ASEAN: Nominal Gross Domestic Product for periods indicated

Countries	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
In US \$million						
ASEAN	606,448	915,801	1,526,846	1,884,068	2,184,845	2,311,315
CLMV	46,291	73,064	144,858	166,841	197,022	217,688
ASEAN6	560,157	842,736	1,381,988	1,717,227	1,987,823	2,093,626
In percent share to total (%)						
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CLMV	7.6	8.0	9.5	8.9	9.0	9.4
ASEAN6	92.4	92.0	90.5	91.1	91.0	90.6
In annual growth rates (%)						
Brunei Darussalam	2.9	0.4	-1.8	2.6	3.4	1.0
Cambodia	8.4	13.6	0.1	6.0	7.1	7.0
Indonesia	5.4	5.7	4.5	6.3	6.5	6.2
Lao PDR	5.8	7.3	7.5	8.1	8.0	7.9
Malaysia	8.9	5.3	-1.5	7.4	5.1	5.6
Myanmar	13.7	13.6	10.3	10.6	9.6	5.6
Philippines	4.4	4.8	1.1	7.6	3.6	6.8
Singapore	9.1	7.4	-0.8	14.8	5.2	1.3
Thailand	4.8	4.6	-2.3	7.8	0.1	6.5
Viet Nam	6.8	8.4	5.3	6.8	6.0	5.0
ASEAN	6.2	5.9	1.7	7.8	4.7	5.7
CLMV	7.9	9.8	6.0	7.5	6.8	5.4
ASEAN6	6.0	5.4	1.1	7.9	4.4	5.7

Notes:

1. Breakdown may not add up to total due to rounding.
2. GDP growth is calculated based on GDP at constant prices; ASEAN, ASEAN6 and CLMV figures are estimated using weighted average share of GDP (PPPs) to world total, as in the IMF WEO Database of April 2013.

Sources: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database and IMF-World Economic Outlook April 2013

- » Lao PDR, Cambodia, and Philippines recorded the highest GDP growth among the ten Member States in 2012.
- » Most of the Member States slowed down in GDP growth except for Thailand, Philippines and Malaysia. Meanwhile, CLMV countries posted higher than 5 percent growth reaching an average growth rate of 5.4 percent.

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 5

ASEAN6: Consumer Price Index for Food, Housing, Transport 2008-2012

Country	Food					Housing				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	106.4	108.9	110.0	113.9	115.9	100.4	99.8	99.9	101.1	102.7
Indonesia	167.6	174.1	186.2	194.6	206.5	172.6	175.7	182.9	189.2	195.3
Malaysia	115.9	120.7	123.6	129.5	133.0	104.4	105.9	107.1	109.0	111.0
Philippines	152.3	161.2	166.1	172.7	176.8	139.6	143.6	146.1	149.1	155.9
Singapore	97.7	100.0	101.3	104.4	106.9	98.3	100.0	102.0	110.5	119.0
Thailand	111.6	116.5	122.8	132.6	140.9	96.9	95.2	97.1	98.4	102.5
Country	Transport					Total				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	104.1	104.0	104.2	105.1	103.8	103.3	104.4	104.8	106.9	107.4
Indonesia	181.8	175.1	179.9	183.3	186.7	167.2	171.8	183.8	190.8	198.8
Malaysia	123.6	112.0	113.8	118.8	119.6	111.5	112.1	114.0	117.6	119.6
Philippines	180.5	180.1	190.0	206.5	211.2	155.0	160.0	166.1	173.4	179.3
Singapore	103.2	100.0	110.3	123.5	132.2	99.4	100.0	102.8	108.2	113.1
Thailand	106.2	95.6	99.2	100.9	103.0	105.4	104.5	108.0	112.1	116.7

Note:

Base year : Brunei Darussalam: 2005=100; Indonesia: 2007=100; Malaysia: 2005=100; Philippines: 2000=100; Singapore: 2009=100; and Thailand: 2007=100.

Source: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 6

ASEAN: Inflation Rate, end-of-period (in percent)
for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	1.6	0.7	1.2	-2.1	1.8	0.4
Cambodia	0.3	6.7	5.3	3.1	4.9	2.5
Indonesia	9.3	17.1	2.8	7.0	3.8	4.3
Lao PDR	10.6	8.8	3.9	5.8	7.7	4.7
Malaysia	2.1	3.5	1.1	2.2	3.0	1.2
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-
Philippines	6.5	6.7	4.5	3.6	4.2	3.0
Singapore	2.1	1.3	-0.6	4.6	5.5	4.3
Thailand	1.5	5.8	3.5	3.0	3.6	3.6
Viet Nam	-0.6	8.9	6.9	7.9	18.1	6.8

Notes:

Base year: Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia and Viet Nam (2005=100); Cambodia and Philippines (2000=100); Indonesia and Thailand (2007=100); Lao PDR and Myanmar (2006=100); Singapore (2009=100).

"-" no data available

Source: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database

- » In 2012, inflation eased in most Member States, except for Indonesia. Viet Nam managed to tone moderate its inflation by three times its rate last year.

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 7

ASEAN: Lending Rates (in percent)
for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Cambodia	17.4	18.6	23.1	22.5	19.4	20.4
Indonesia	17.7	16.2	13.7	12.8	12.2	11.5
Lao PDR	15.5	21.5	14.4	14.5	12.3	13.3
Malaysia	7.2	6.2	5.5	6.3	6.5	6.5
Myanmar	15.0	15.0	17.0	17.0	15.0	13.0
Philippines	12.0	10.3	7.1	6.7	6.0	5.5
Singapore	5.8	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
Thailand	7.50-8.25	6.50-6.75	5.85-6.25	6.12-6.50	7.25 -7.63	7.00-7.50
Viet Nam	10.2	10.2	11.7	14.5	18.7	13.5

Sources: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database and CEIC

Note: 2012 figures of Myanmar and Viet Nam were from CEIC.

01 ASEAN and the world

Table 8

ASEAN: Exchange Rates, average-of-period (national currency/US\$)
for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2
Cambodia	3,894	4,119	4,159	4,190	4,076	4,038
Indonesia	8,422	9,733	10,370	9,086	8,775	9,384
Lao PDR	7,888	10,654	8,501	8,249	8,030	8,007
Malaysia	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.1
Myanmar ^{1/}	287	1,025	918	803	767	820
Philippines	44.2	55.1	47.6	45.1	43.3	42.2
Singapore	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2
Thailand	40.1	40.2	34.3	31.7	30.5	31.1
Viet Nam	14,168	15,817	17,065	18,554	20,510	20,828

Note:

1/ Myanmar US\$ - Kyat exchange rate is based on the parallel rate used in IMF-WEO April 2013.

Source: ASEAN Macroeconomic Database

- » In 2012, Indonesia and Myanmar experienced the highest depreciation in currencies, both close to 7.0 percent, over their year-ago levels. Meanwhile, the Philippine peso grew stronger by 2.5 percent during the same period.

02 ASEAN trade aggregates

Table 9

ASEAN: Total Trade for periods indicated

Indicator	Unit/Scale	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Total Trade	Value (US\$ million)	759,101	1,224,578	1,536,877	2,009,116	2,388,444	2,476,427
	Growth (%)	21.8	14.2	-19.0	30.7	18.9	3.7
Intra-ASEAN Trade	Value (US\$ million)	166,846	304,825	376,213	511,020	598,377	602,048
	Growth (%)	25.8	16.8	-20.0	35.8	17.1	0.6
	Share to total trade (%)	22.0	24.9	24.5	25.4	25.1	24.3
Extra-ASEAN Trade	Value (US\$ million)	592,255	919,753	1,160,664	1,498,096	1,790,067	1,874,379
	Growth (%)	20.7	13.4	-18.7	29.1	19.5	4.7
	Share to total trade (%)	78.0	75.1	75.5	74.6	74.9	75.7
Ratio to GDP	Share of trade to GDP (%)	125.2	133.7	100.7	106.6	109.3	107.1
	Exports to GDP (%)	67.6	70.8	53.1	55.8	56.9	54.3
	Imports to GDP (%)	57.5	63.0	47.6	50.8	52.5	52.9
Trade Balance	Value (US\$ million)	61,180	71,362	84,068	94,112	95,954	32,734
	Share to exports (%)	14.9	11.0	10.4	8.9	7.7	2.6

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » In 2012, ASEAN total trade increased by 3.7 percent from the previous year, amounting to US\$2.5 trillion.
- » Intra-ASEAN trade softened at US\$602 billion from US\$598 billion in 2011, a slight increase of 0.6 percent compared to its double-digit growth last year.
- » Ratio of trade to GDP slightly declined from 109.3 percent to 107.1 percent, owing to lower share of exports to GDP during the year.
- » Trade surplus narrowed considerably by almost two-thirds its level in 2011 from US\$95.9 billion to US\$32.7 billion, as the expansion in imports of goods outpaced that of the exports of goods.

02 ASEAN trade aggregates

Table 10

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Trade Balance for periods indicated

Indicator	Unit/Scale	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Japan	Value (US\$ million)	-15,071	-8,322	-4,746	-831	17,516	-9,870
	Share to exports (%)	-29.8	-11.4	-6.1	-0.8	12.0	-7.8
USA	Value (US\$ million)	25,322	31,974	15,376	14,260	13,795	16,044
	Share to exports (%)	34.3	34.4	18.7	14.2	13.0	14.9
EU-28	Value (US\$ million)	24,177	21,370	13,997	21,572	18,848	7,184.5
	Share to exports (%)	38.1	26.4	15.1	18.7	14.9	5.8
China	Value (US\$ million)	-3,958	-8,882	-15,021	-6,021	-24,953	-35,701
	Share to exports (%)	-27.9	-17.0	-18.4	-5.3	-19.6	-25.2
Republic of Korea	Value (US\$ million)	-727	756	-6,187	-8,666	-15,706	-20,970
	Share to exports (%)	-5.0	3.1	-18.0	-19.3	-28.9	-38.1
Australia	Value (US\$ million)	198	8,048	14,235	15,052	15,240	21,949
	Share to exports (%)	2.2	41.0	49.0	42.8	40.7	48.0
India	Value (US\$ million)	3,237	7,096	13,925	16,598	16,831	16,295
	Share to exports (%)	50.2	47.2	52.5	46.1	39.6	37.0
Canada	Value (US\$ million)	581	308	1,942	536	-183	818
	Share to exports (%)	21.5	9.8	35.4	10.3	-3.5	12.4
New Zealand	Value (US\$ million)	179	1,178	897	1,156	909	1,899
	Share to exports (%)	14.7	44.7	28.6	27.2	19.9	34.1
Russia	Value (US\$ million)	-722	-1,765	-3,456	-3,879	-8,610	-8,407
	Share to exports (%)	-220.8	-120.1	-208.7	-149.8	-323.8	-172.4
Pakistan	Value (US\$ million)	2,907	1,963	3,362	3,970	5,232	4,206
	Share to exports (%)	90.8	91.6	87.8	77.7	87.2	80.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » In 2012, ASEAN's trade with USA, EU-28, Australia, India, Canada, New Zealand, and Pakistan recorded net exports.
- » For most Partners, shares to exports dropped close to 1.0 percent from their double-digit shares posted last year.

02 ASEAN trade aggregates

Table 11

ASEAN Member States: Total Trade for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
ASEAN Total Trade (in US\$ million)	759,101	1,224,578	1,536,877	2,009,116	2,388,444	2,476,427
Brunei Darussalam	3,237	7,872	9,602	10,999	14,822	16,856
Cambodia	2,772	5,916	8,887	10,480	12,844	18,664
Indonesia	95,639	143,361	213,339	293,442	380,932	381,721
Lao PDR	-	876	2,962	4,509	3,956	6,159
Malaysia	177,802	254,684	280,221	363,534	415,559	423,930
Myanmar	3,413	4,757	10,191	11,798	14,925	18,503
Philippines	72,569	88,673	83,869	109,660	111,752	117,382
Singapore	273,033	429,656	515,616	662,658	775,167	788,117
Thailand	130,636	227,613	286,267	385,041	458,904	477,302
Viet Nam	-	61,170	125,922	156,993	199,582	227,793
(in percent share to GDP)						
Brunei Darussalam	54.0	82.6	88.8	88.7	88.8	99.3
Cambodia	76.6	94.7	85.8	93.3	100.5	129.5
Indonesia	57.8	50.3	39.0	41.3	45.0	43.5
Lao PDR	-	30.5	52.9	65.8	49.1	67.8
Malaysia	196.9	177.4	138.3	149.3	143.7	138.9
Myanmar	35.5	43.3	32.0	27.9	28.2	34.3
Philippines	89.6	86.0	49.7	54.8	49.9	46.9
Singapore	289.5	342.6	272.3	285.5	291.8	284.9
Thailand	106.2	129.1	108.4	120.6	132.7	130.4
Viet Nam	-	115.5	129.7	147.4	161.8	160.8

Note:

'-' means no data available.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Lao PDR and Myanmar continued to increase their shares of total trade to GDP in 2012.

02 ASEAN trade aggregates

Table 12

ASEAN Member States: Exports and Imports for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
ASEAN Total Exports (in US\$ million)	410,141	647,970	810,472	1,051,614	1,242,199	1,254,581
Brunei Darussalam	2,169	6,369	7,152	8,615	12,362	13,182
Cambodia	1,368	3,091	4,986	5,584	6,711	7,435
Indonesia	62,124	85,660	116,510	157,779	203,497	190,032
Lao PDR	-	174	1,237	2,433	1,746	2,655
Malaysia	98,154	140,470	156,891	198,801	228,086	227,538
Myanmar	1,194	3,124	6,341	7,600	8,119	9,315
Philippines	38,078	41,255	38,335	51,432	48,042	51,995
Singapore	138,352	229,627	269,832	351,867	409,449	408,394
Thailand	68,701	109,623	152,497	195,312	228,821	229,524
Viet Nam	-	28,576	56,691	72,192	95,366	114,511
ASEAN Total Imports (in US\$ million)	348,960	576,608	726,405	957,502	1,146,245	1,221,847
Brunei Darussalam	1,068	1,503	2,451	2,384	2,460	3,674
Cambodia	1,405	2,825	3,901	4,897	6,134	11,229
Indonesia	33,515	57,701	96,829	135,663	177,436	191,689
Lao PDR	-	702	1,725	2,076	2,209	3,504
Malaysia	79,647	114,213	123,330	164,733	187,473	196,393
Myanmar	2,219	1,633	3,850	4,199	6,806	9,188
Philippines	34,491	47,418	45,534	58,229	63,709	65,386
Singapore	134,680	200,029	245,784	310,791	365,718	379,723
Thailand	61,935	117,991	133,770	189,728	230,084	247,778
Viet Nam	-	32,594	69,231	84,801	104,217	113,283

Note:

'-' means no data available.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » External demand for goods from Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam remained upbeat. Meanwhile, all the Member States increased their import requirements in 2012.

02 ASEAN trade aggregates

Table 13

ASEAN Member States: Trade Balance for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
(in US\$ million)						
Brunei Darussalam	1,102	4,866	4,701	6,232	9,902	9,508
Cambodia	-37	267	1,085	687	577	-3,794
Indonesia	28,609	27,959	19,681	22,116	26,061	-1,658
Lao PDR	-	-528	-488	356	-463	-848
Malaysia	18,507	26,257	33,560	34,067	40,613	31,145
Myanmar	-1,026	1,491	2,492	3,401	1,313	127
Philippines	3,587	-6,163	-7,199	-6,797	-15,667	-13,391
Singapore	3,672	29,599	24,048	41,076	43,731	28,670
Thailand	6,766	-8,368	18,728	5,584	-1,263	-18,254
Viet Nam	-	-4,017	-12,540	-12,609	-8,851	1,228
(in percent share of exports)						
Brunei Darussalam	50.8	76.4	65.7	72.3	80.1	72.1
Cambodia	-2.7	8.6	21.8	12.3	8.6	-51.0
Indonesia	46.1	32.6	16.9	14.0	12.8	-0.9
Lao PDR	-	-303.2	-39.4	14.6	-26.5	-31.9
Malaysia	18.9	18.7	21.4	17.1	17.8	13.7
Myanmar	-85.9	47.7	39.3	44.7	16.2	1.4
Philippines	9.4	-14.9	-18.8	-13.2	-32.6	-25.8
Singapore	2.7	12.9	8.9	11.7	10.7	7.0
Thailand	9.8	-7.6	12.3	2.9	-0.6	-8.0
Viet Nam	-	-14.1	-22.1	-17.5	-9.3	1.1

Note:

'-' means no data available.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » In 2012, Viet Nam joined Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia, Myanmar and Singapore as net exporters in the region.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 14

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Total Trade ^{1/}
for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
(in US\$ million)						
Intra-ASEAN	166,846	304,825	376,213	511,020	598,377	602,048
China	32,316	113,347	178,223	231,856	280,150	319,485
Japan	116,191	153,823	160,918	206,534	273,867	262,884
EU-28	02,771	140,732	171,431	208,588	234,621	242,599
USA	122,218	153,884	148,780	186,543	198,767	200,027
Republic of Korea	29,635	47,958	74,771	98,560	124,403	131,030
India	9,656	22,998	39,075	55,384	68,191	71,816
Australia	17,589	31,225	43,848	55,389	59,685	69,499
Russia	1,375	4,703	6,769	9,056	13,927	18,158
Canada	4,833	5,972	9,020	9,864	10,774	12,335
New Zealand	2,248	4,089	5,381	7,331	8,244	9,225
Pakistan	3,493	2,323	4,301	6,254	6,763	6,306
Rest of the World	149,930	238,699	318,146	422,737	510,672	531,016
Total	759,101	1,224,578	1,536,877	2,009,116	2,388,444	2,476,427

^{1/} Based on the 2012 levels, in US\$ million

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Russia (at 39 percent), India (at 22 percent), ROK, and China (at 21 percent each) as well as New Zealand (at 20 percent) registered high average growth rates from periods 2009-2012.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 15

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Total Trade ^{1/}
for periods indicated

Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
(In percent share to total)						
Intra-ASEAN	22.0	24.9	24.5	25.4	25.1	24.3
China	4.3	9.3	11.6	11.5	11.7	12.9
Japan	15.3	12.6	10.5	10.3	11.5	10.6
EU-28	13.5	11.5	11.2	10.4	9.8	9.8
USA	16.1	12.6	9.7	9.3	8.3	8.1
Republic of Korea	3.9	3.9	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.3
India	1.3	1.9	2.5	2.8	2.9	2.9
Australia	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.8
Russia	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
Canada	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5
New Zealand	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4
Pakistan	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Rest of the World	19.8	19.5	20.7	21.0	21.4	21.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{1/} Based on the 2012 percent shares

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » In 2012, the region's trade with China, Japan, EU-28 and USA comprised more than 40 percent of its total trade while share of intra-ASEAN trade fell by less than 1.0 percentage point.
- » China, Japan, EU-28 and USA continued to be the top trading partners of the region in 2012. These countries have maintained their combined share to ASEAN's total trade at 41 percent since 2010.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 16

ASEAN Member States: Exports to ASEAN+3 2012

Country	Intra-ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Total ASEAN+3
(in billion US\$)					
Brunei Darussalam	1.7	0.3	4.3	1.6	8.0
Cambodia	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.4
Indonesia	41.8	21.7	30.1	15.0	108.7
Lao PDR	1.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.3
Malaysia	60.9	28.8	27.0	8.2	124.9
Myanmar	3.4	1.6	0.4	0.3	5.6
Philippines	9.8	6.2	9.9	2.9	28.7
Singapore	129.8	43.9	18.1	16.6	208.4
Thailand	56.7	26.9	23.5	4.8	111.9
Viet Nam	17.4	12.3	13.0	5.5	48.4
ASEAN	323.9	141.9	126.5	55.0	647.3
(in percent share to ASEAN total exports)					
Brunei Darussalam	0.54	0.20	3.40	2.98	1.23
Cambodia	0.31	0.13	0.15	0.13	0.22
Indonesia	12.92	15.26	23.82	27.35	16.79
Lao PDR	0.36	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.20
Malaysia	18.82	20.26	21.35	14.93	19.30
Myanmar	1.05	1.10	0.29	0.51	0.87
Philippines	3.03	4.34	7.81	5.20	4.43
Singapore	40.08	30.97	14.30	30.11	32.20
Thailand	17.52	18.96	18.57	8.68	17.29
Viet Nam	5.39	8.70	10.31	10.08	7.47
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » The total exports of Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and Singapore accounted for more than 85 percent of the region's total exports of goods to ASEAN+3.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 17

ASEAN Member States: Imports from ASEAN+3 2012

Country	Intra-ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Total ASEAN+3
(in billion US\$)					
Brunei Darussalam	1.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	2.2
Cambodia	4.2	3.4	0.4	0.6	8.5
Indonesia	53.8	29.4	22.8	12.0	117.9
Lao PDR	1.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.7
Malaysia	54.9	29.7	20.2	8.0	112.8
Myanmar	4.1	2.5	1.1	0.4	8.1
Philippines	15.0	7.1	7.0	4.7	33.8
Singapore	79.8	39.2	23.6	25.7	168.3
Thailand	42.8	37.0	49.6	9.0	138.3
Viet Nam	20.9	28.6	11.5	15.5	76.5
ASEAN	278.2	177.6	136.4	76.0	668.2
(in percent share to ASEAN total imports)					
Brunei Darussalam	0.58	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.33
Cambodia	1.49	1.89	0.27	0.84	1.27
Indonesia	19.35	16.55	16.69	15.75	17.65
Lao PDR	0.42	0.26	0.03	0.05	0.26
Malaysia	19.72	16.74	14.81	10.51	16.88
Myanmar	1.48	1.39	0.83	0.46	1.21
Philippines	5.38	4.02	5.10	6.24	5.06
Singapore	28.69	22.07	17.33	33.77	25.19
Thailand	15.39	20.81	36.36	11.82	20.70
Viet Nam	7.50	16.11	8.40	20.41	11.44
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » The total imports of Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and Singapore represented 80.4 percent of the region's total imports of goods from the ASEAN+3.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 18

ASEAN Member States: Total Trade with ASEAN+3 2012

Country	Intra-ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Total ASEAN+3
(in billion US\$)					
Brunei Darussalam	3.3	0.6	4.5	1.8	10.2
Cambodia	5.1	3.5	0.6	0.7	9.9
Indonesia	95.7	51.0	52.9	27.0	226.6
Lao PDR	2.3	0.6	0.1	0.0	3.0
Malaysia	115.8	58.5	47.2	16.2	237.7
Myanmar	7.5	4.0	1.5	0.6	13.7
Philippines	24.8	13.3	16.8	7.6	62.5
Singapore	209.6	83.1	41.7	42.2	376.7
Thailand	99.5	63.9	73.1	13.8	250.2
Viet Nam	38.3	41.0	24.5	21.1	124.8
ASEAN	602.0	319.5	262.9	131.0	1,315.4
(in percent share to ASEAN total trade)					
Brunei Darussalam	0.55	0.18	1.72	1.34	0.78
Cambodia	0.85	1.11	0.21	0.54	0.76
Indonesia	15.89	15.98	20.12	20.62	17.23
Lao PDR	0.39	0.18	0.03	0.04	0.23
Malaysia	19.24	18.31	17.95	12.37	18.07
Myanmar	1.25	1.26	0.57	0.49	1.04
Philippines	4.11	4.16	6.41	5.80	4.75
Singapore	34.82	26.02	15.87	32.23	28.64
Thailand	16.53	19.99	27.79	10.50	19.02
Viet Nam	6.36	12.82	9.32	16.07	9.49
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Singapore contributed the biggest share to the region's total trade with the ASEAN+3, followed by Thailand, Malaysia and Indonesia.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 19

ASEAN Member States: Export to Selected Trade Partners 2012

Country	Australia	Canada	EU-28	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA
(in billion US\$)								
Brunei Darussalam	0.68	0.00	0.04	0.83	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.11
Cambodia	0.04	0.39	1.73	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.04	1.55
Indonesia	4.91	0.79	18.05	12.50	0.44	1.38	0.87	14.87
Lao PDR	0.36	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Malaysia	9.43	0.95	20.14	9.50	1.17	1.85	0.70	19.68
Myanmar	0.01	0.00	0.38	2.77	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.01
Philippines	0.39	0.51	5.93	0.33	0.05	0.05	0.07	7.40
Singapore	17.08	1.19	36.60	10.87	2.09	0.90	0.44	21.96
Thailand	9.76	1.58	21.86	5.48	1.03	0.88	1.13	22.78
Viet Nam	3.08	1.16	20.13	1.78	0.18	0.17	1.62	19.66
ASEAN	45.72	6.58	124.89	44.06	5.56	5.26	4.88	108.04
(in percent share to ASEAN total exports)								
Brunei Darussalam	1.48	0.01	0.03	1.88	10.79	0.00	0.00	0.10
Cambodia	0.08	6.00	1.39	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.72	1.44
Indonesia	10.73	12.05	14.45	28.36	7.93	26.29	17.79	13.77
Lao PDR	0.79	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
Malaysia	20.62	14.40	16.12	21.56	21.05	35.21	14.28	18.21
Myanmar	0.01	0.03	0.31	6.30	0.01	0.53	0.39	0.01
Philippines	0.85	7.73	4.75	0.74	0.88	0.88	1.36	6.85
Singapore	37.35	18.13	29.31	24.67	37.53	17.04	9.04	20.33
Thailand	21.35	24.05	17.50	12.43	18.46	16.71	23.23	21.09
Viet Nam	6.74	17.59	16.12	4.04	3.31	3.32	33.18	18.20
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Singapore recorded the highest exports of goods to Australia, EU-28, and New Zealand, while Thailand's export products gained the top spot in Canada and USA. Export commodities from Malaysia, Indonesia and Viet Nam were popular in Pakistan, India and Russia, respectively.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 20

ASEAN Member States: Imports from Selected Trade Partners 2012

Country	Australia	Canada	EU-28	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA
(in billion US\$)								
Brunei Darussalam	0.04	0.01	0.52	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.32
Cambodia	0.04	0.01	0.32	0.17	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.25
Indonesia	5.30	1.81	14.14	4.31	0.70	0.27	2.51	11.60
Lao PDR	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Malaysia	4.73	0.93	21.21	3.82	0.78	0.25	0.41	15.88
Myanmar	0.09	0.01	0.13	0.38	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.07
Philippines	1.45	0.34	4.90	0.72	0.48	0.07	1.01	7.59
Singapore	4.91	1.24	47.67	12.97	0.70	0.06	4.45	38.56
Thailand	5.45	0.94	19.94	3.20	0.60	0.10	4.04	12.91
Viet Nam	1.77	0.46	8.70	2.16	0.38	0.22	0.83	4.81
ASEAN	23.77	5.76	117.71	27.76	3.66	1.05	13.28	91.99
(in percent share to ASEAN total imports)								
Brunei Darussalam	0.16	0.19	0.44	0.12	0.18	1.15	0.00	0.35
Cambodia	0.15	0.16	0.27	0.63	0.07	4.41	0.26	0.27
Indonesia	22.28	31.44	12.02	15.51	19.01	26.02	18.86	12.61
Lao PDR	0.04	0.22	0.15	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.01
Malaysia	19.88	16.16	18.02	13.76	21.39	24.00	3.11	17.26
Myanmar	0.37	0.19	0.11	1.36	0.24	0.65	0.00	0.08
Philippines	6.10	5.88	4.16	2.59	13.02	7.03	7.60	8.25
Singapore	20.66	21.59	40.50	46.71	19.08	6.18	33.47	41.92
Thailand	22.91	16.27	16.94	11.52	16.47	9.97	30.44	14.03
Viet Nam	7.45	7.91	7.39	7.78	10.49	20.56	6.23	5.22
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Thailand was the top importer of Australian products. Singapore had the highest imports from EU-28, India, Russia and USA. Indonesia imported the most from Canada and Pakistan, while Malaysia cornered the top spot for New Zealand.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 21

ASEAN Member States: Total Trade with Selected Trade Partners 2012

Country	Australia	Canada	EU-28	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA
(in billion US\$)								
Brunei Darussalam	0.71	0.01	0.56	0.86	0.61	0.01	0.00	0.43
Cambodia	0.07	0.40	2.06	0.18	0.00	0.05	0.07	1.80
Indonesia	10.20	2.60	32.19	16.80	1.14	1.65	3.37	26.48
Lao PDR	0.37	0.01	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Malaysia	14.15	1.88	41.35	13.32	1.95	2.10	1.11	35.56
Myanmar	0.09	0.01	0.51	3.15	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.08
Philippines	1.84	0.85	10.83	1.04	0.53	0.12	1.08	14.99
Singapore	21.99	2.44	84.27	23.84	2.79	0.96	4.89	60.52
Thailand	15.21	2.52	41.80	8.67	1.63	0.98	5.18	35.69
Viet Nam	4.85	1.61	28.83	3.94	0.57	0.39	2.45	24.47
ASEAN	69.50	12.34	242.60	71.82	9.22	6.31	18.16	200.03
(in percent share to ASEAN total trade)								
Brunei Darussalam	1.03	0.09	0.23	1.20	6.58	0.19	0.00	0.21
Cambodia	0.10	3.27	0.85	0.26	0.04	0.74	0.38	0.90
Indonesia	14.68	21.10	13.27	23.40	12.33	26.25	18.58	13.24
Lao PDR	0.53	0.11	0.08	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00
Malaysia	20.36	15.22	17.04	18.54	21.19	33.35	6.11	17.78
Myanmar	0.14	0.10	0.21	4.39	0.10	0.55	0.11	0.04
Philippines	2.64	6.86	4.46	1.45	5.70	1.90	5.93	7.49
Singapore	31.64	19.75	34.74	33.19	30.20	15.24	26.91	30.26
Thailand	21.88	20.42	17.23	12.08	17.67	15.58	28.50	17.84
Viet Nam	6.98	13.07	11.88	5.48	6.16	6.19	13.47	12.23
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Singapore was the top trader of goods with Australia, EU-28, India, New Zealand and USA while Indonesia led the total trade with Canada, Malaysia with Pakistan, and Thailand with Russia.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 22

ASEAN Member States: Percent Share of Exports to Selected Trade Partners

2012

Country	ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Australia	Canada	EU-28
Brunei Darussalam	13.18	2.20	32.60	12.45	5.13	0.00	0.28
Cambodia	13.32	2.39	2.48	0.95	0.48	5.31	23.33
Indonesia	22.01	11.40	15.86	7.92	2.58	0.42	9.50
Lao PDR	44.07	3.68	0.83	0.30	13.67	0.04	1.15
Malaysia	26.78	12.64	11.87	3.61	4.14	0.42	8.85
Myanmar	36.49	16.76	3.88	3.04	0.07	0.02	4.11
Philippines	18.86	11.85	19.00	5.50	0.74	0.98	11.40
Singapore	31.78	10.76	4.43	4.06	4.18	0.29	8.96
Thailand	24.72	11.72	10.23	2.08	4.25	0.69	9.52
Viet Nam	15.23	10.78	11.39	4.85	2.69	1.01	17.58
ASEAN	25.81	11.31	10.08	4.39	3.64	0.52	9.95

Country	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA	Rest of the World	Total
Brunei Darussalam	6.30	4.55	0.00	0.00	0.81	22.51	100.0
Cambodia	0.12	0.02	0.01	0.47	20.91	30.20	100.0
Indonesia	6.58	0.23	0.73	0.46	7.83	14.50	100.0
Lao PDR	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	36.19	100.0
Malaysia	4.17	0.51	0.81	0.31	8.65	17.23	100.0
Myanmar	29.79	0.01	0.30	0.21	0.13	5.19	100.0
Philippines	0.63	0.09	0.09	0.13	14.22	16.50	100.0
Singapore	2.66	0.51	0.22	0.11	5.38	26.65	100.0
Thailand	2.39	0.45	0.38	0.49	9.93	23.15	100.0
Viet Nam	1.55	0.16	0.15	1.41	17.17	16.02	100.0
ASEAN	3.51	0.44	0.42	0.39	8.61	20.91	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Singapore and Thailand exports within the region ranged from 20.0 percent to 40.0 percent.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 23

ASEAN Member States: Percent Share of Imports from Selected Trade Partners

2012

Country	ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Australia	Canada	EU-28
Brunei Darussalam	43.63	8.01	6.06	3.20	1.06	0.29	14.21
Cambodia	36.98	29.88	3.34	5.66	0.32	0.08	2.87
Indonesia	28.08	15.33	11.88	6.24	2.76	0.94	7.38
Lao PDR	33.31	13.23	1.34	1.15	0.25	0.35	4.97
Malaysia	27.94	15.14	10.28	4.07	2.41	0.47	10.80
Myanmar	44.91	26.80	12.35	3.84	0.95	0.12	1.39
Philippines	22.87	10.91	10.65	7.25	2.22	0.52	7.49
Singapore	21.02	10.32	6.22	6.76	1.29	0.33	12.55
Thailand	17.28	14.92	20.01	3.62	2.20	0.38	8.05
Viet Nam	18.43	25.26	10.12	13.69	1.56	0.40	7.68
ASEAN	22.77	14.53	11.16	6.22	1.95	0.47	9.63

Country	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA	Rest of the World	Total
Brunei Darussalam	0.94	0.18	0.33	0.00	8.72	13.36	100.0
Cambodia	1.56	0.02	0.41	0.30	2.20	16.38	100.0
Indonesia	2.25	0.36	0.14	1.31	6.05	17.27	100.0
Lao PDR	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.18	44.99	100.0
Malaysia	1.95	0.40	0.13	0.21	8.09	18.13	100.0
Myanmar	4.10	0.09	0.07	0.01	0.79	4.59	100.0
Philippines	1.10	0.73	0.11	1.54	11.61	23.00	100.0
Singapore	3.42	0.18	0.02	1.17	10.15	26.56	100.0
Thailand	1.29	0.24	0.04	1.63	5.21	25.13	100.0
Viet Nam	1.91	0.34	0.19	0.73	4.24	15.44	100.0
ASEAN	2.27	0.30	0.09	1.09	7.53	21.99	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Myanmar cornered the highest imports from the ASEAN at 45 percent, followed by Brunei Darussalam (43.6 percent) and Cambodia (37 percent).

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 24

ASEAN Member States: Percent Share of Total Trade with Selected Trade Partners

2012

Country	ASEAN	China	Japan	Rep. of Korea	Australia	Canada	EU-28
Brunei Darussalam	19.82	3.46	26.82	10.43	4.24	0.07	3.32
Cambodia	27.56	18.93	2.99	3.78	0.38	2.16	11.02
Indonesia	25.06	13.37	13.86	7.08	2.67	0.68	8.43
Lao PDR	37.95	9.11	1.12	0.79	6.04	0.22	3.32
Malaysia	27.32	13.80	11.13	3.82	3.34	0.44	9.75
Myanmar	40.67	21.74	8.08	3.44	0.51	0.07	2.76
Philippines	21.09	11.33	14.35	6.48	1.57	0.72	9.22
Singapore	26.60	10.55	5.29	5.36	2.79	0.31	10.69
Thailand	20.85	13.38	15.31	2.88	3.19	0.53	8.76
Viet Nam	16.82	17.98	10.76	9.25	2.13	0.71	12.66
ASEAN	24.31	12.90	10.62	5.29	2.81	0.50	9.80

Country	India	New Zealand	Pakistan	Russia	USA	Rest of the World	Total
Brunei Darussalam	5.13	3.60	0.07	0.00	2.53	20.51	100.0
Cambodia	0.98	0.02	0.25	0.37	9.66	21.89	100.0
Indonesia	4.40	0.30	0.43	0.88	6.94	15.89	100.0
Lao PDR	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.12	41.20	100.0
Malaysia	3.14	0.46	0.50	0.26	8.39	17.65	100.0
Myanmar	17.03	0.05	0.19	0.11	0.46	4.89	100.0
Philippines	0.89	0.45	0.10	0.92	12.77	20.12	100.0
Singapore	3.02	0.35	0.12	0.62	7.68	26.61	100.0
Thailand	1.82	0.34	0.21	1.08	7.48	24.18	100.0
Viet Nam	1.73	0.25	0.17	1.07	10.74	15.73	100.0
ASEAN	2.90	0.37	0.25	0.73	8.08	21.44	100.0

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Myanmar posted the highest share of total trade within the ASEAN region at 41 percent, followed by Lao PDR at 38 percent.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 25

ASEAN: Top 20 Export Commodities ^{1/}

2012

HS Codes	Commodities	Value (US\$Mn)	Share (%)
8542	Electronic integrated circuits & microassemblies; parts thereof	116,424	9.3
2710	Oil (not crude) from petrol & bituminous minerals etc.	103,955	8.3
2711	Petroleum gases & other gaseous hydrocarbons propane, butane, ethylene	49,259	3.9
2709	Crude oil from petroleum and bituminous minerals	39,222	3.1
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form & machines for processing such data keyboard, printer, scanners, disk drives, power supply	38,709	3.1
1511	Palm oil & its fractions, not chemically modified	33,546	2.7
8517	Electric apparatus for line telephony or telegraphy telephone sets, teleprinters, modems, facsimile machines	28,070	2.2
2701	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	25,695	2.0
4001	Natural rubber in primary form or plates balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle	22,456	1.8
8473	Parts and accessories (not covers, carrying cases) for office machines & typewriters of 8469 to 8472	18,957	1.5
8541	Semiconductor devices; light-emitting diodes; mounted piezoelectric crystals; parts thereof diodes, transistors, photosensitive semiconductor devices, photovoltaic cells	17,031	1.4
8443	Printing machinery; machines for ancillary uses to printing; parts thereof	16,135	1.3
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	13,161	1.0
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum), unwrought or semimanufactured or powder	11,878	0.9
8704	Motor vehicles for transport of goods	11,489	0.9
7113	Articles of jewelry and parts thereof, of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal.	9,446	0.8
3901	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms	8,975	0.7
1006	Rice	8,734	0.7
8543	Electrical machines & apparatus with individual functions; parts thereof particle accelerators, signal generators, electroplating, electrolysis, electrophoresis, synchros, flight recorders, aircraft demisters, luminescent lamps, integrated circuits	8,703	0.7
8703	Motor cars & vehicles for transporting persons (not 8702)	8,589	0.7
	Top 20 export commodities	590,434	47.1
	Others	664,147	52.9
	Total	1,254,581	100.0

^{1/} Based on 4-digit code Harmonised System.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Electronic integrated circuits, petroleum oils and gases, automatic data processing machines and palm oils led the export earners, accounting for 30 percent of the total ASEAN exports.
- » Note that the top 20 export commodities represented less than 50 percent of total export value, indicating that the ASEAN has diversified its export products to meet emerging global needs.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 26

ASEAN: Top 20 Import Commodities ^{1/}

2012

HS Codes	Commodities	Value (US\$m)	Share (%)
2710	Oil (not crude) from petrol & bituminous minerals etc.	143,250	11.7
8542	Electronic integrated circuits & microassemblies; parts thereof	108,833	8.9
2709	Crude oil from petroleum and bituminous minerals	103,710	8.5
8517	Electric apparatus for line telephony or telegraphy telephone sets, teleprinters, modems, facsimile machines	28,429	2.3
8471	Automatic data processing machines and units thereof; magnetic or optical readers, machines for transcribing data onto data media in coded form & machines for processing such data keyboard, printer, scanners, disk drives, power supply	18,180	1.5
2711	Petroleum gases & other gaseous hydrocarbons propane, butane, ethylene	16,885	1.4
8708	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles of headings 8701 to 8705	16,637	1.4
7108	Gold (including gold plated with platinum), unwrought or semimanufactured or powder	16,056	1.3
8473	Parts and accessories (not covers, carrying cases) for office machines & typewriters of 8469 to 8472	14,750	1.2
8802	Aircraft, powered; spacecraft & launch vehicles helicopters, satellites	12,190	1.0
8443	Printing machinery; machines for ancillary uses to printing; parts thereof	11,962	1.0
8703	Motor cars & vehicles for transporting persons (not 8702)	11,391	0.9
8541	Semiconductor devices; light-emitting diodes; mounted piezoelectric crystals; parts thereof diodes, transistors, photosensitive semiconductor devices, photovoltaic cells	10,292	0.8
8411	Turbojets, turbopropellers & other gas turbines; parts thereof	8,827	0.7
8431	Parts for machinery of 8425 to 8430	8,746	0.7
8536	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, for electrical connection..not over 1000 volts switches, relays, fuses, surge suppressors, plugs, junction boxes, lamp-holders	8,604	0.7
7208	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, hot-rolled, not clad, plated or coated.	8,403	0.7
8529	Parts for television, radio and radar apparatus of 8525 to 8528	7,435	0.6
8803	Parts of aircraft and spacecraft of heading 8801 or 8802, n.e.s.	7,345	0.6
8479	Machines having individual functions; parts thereof pavers, finishers, spreaders, presses, rope or cable-making, humidifiers, floor polishers, vacuum cleaners, industrial robots	7,042	0.6
	Top 20 import commodities	568,965	46.6
	Others	652,881	53.4
	Total	1,221,847	100.0

^{1/} Based on 4-digit code Harmonised System.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Overseas purchases of petroleum oils and electronic integrated circuits accounted for almost 30 percent of the region's total imported goods. The bulk of these commodity items were inputs to export production.
- » The top 20 import commodity items made up less than 47 percent of the total import value.

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 27

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Commodities with High-significance Share in ASEAN Trade 2012

Trading partner country	Exports			Imports		
	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity
Australia & New Zealand		no share above 75 percent		0204	99.0	Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen lamb
				0510	97.7	Ambergris, castoreum, civet & musk, cantharides, bile:glands & other animal products for pharmaceutical
				2604	94.0	Nickel ores and concentrates
				0104	92.2	Sheep and goats, live
				1503	89.1	Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo-oil & tallow oil, not emulsified or prepared
				1004	89.0	Oats
				0102	88.2	Bovine animals, live cows, bulls, heifers
				1502	86.7	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading 1503
				0201	84.4	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled beef, veal
				7506	79.6	Nickle plates, sheets, strip and foil
				0405	76.7	Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk
Canada					no share above 75 percent	
China	0205	100.0	Meat of horses, asses, mules, hinnies fresh, chilled or frozen	5110	100.0	Yarn of coarse animal hair or of horsehair (including gimped horsehair yarn), whether or not put up for retail sale.
	2606	98.3	Aluminum ores and concentrates	8603	98.7	Self-propelled railway or tramway coaches, vans and trucks, other than those of heading 8604
	4702	97.9	Chemical Wood Pulp Dissolving Grades	0502	92.1	Pig, hog, boar bristles & hair;badger hair and other brushmaking hair;waste bristles & hair
	2612	97.1	Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates	2003	91.2	Mushrooms and truffles prepared or preserved but not by vinegar or acetic acid
	2610	96.4	Chromium ores and concentrates	6603	90.6	Parts, trimmings & accessories for umbrellas, walking sticks, whips etc
	2602	96.2	Manganese ores a concentrates including manganiferous iron ores	6601	90.4	Umbrellas & sun umbrellas & other umbrellas
	2619	94.6	Slag, dross, scalings & other waste from manufacture of iron or steel	5001	89.5	Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling

Note:

The table lists particular commodities with share of above 75 percent of total ASEAN export/import of the respective commodities to/from selected dialogue partner countries. Example: 99.0 percent of ASEAN import of meat of sheep or goat - fresh, chilled or frozen came from Australia and New Zealand.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 27 (continuation)

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Commodities with High-significance Share in ASEAN Trade

2012

Trading partner country	Exports			Imports		
	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity
China	0714	93.6	Sweet potatoes, cassava, arrowroot, salep, artichokes, high starch or inulin roots & tubers, fresh, dried, sliced, pellets; sago pith	6702	87.5	Artificial flowers, foliage & fruit, and particles and parts thereof
	0814	93.6	Peel of citrus or melon, fresh, frozen, dried, in brine, sulfur water	5005	86.3	Yarn spun from silk waste not put up retail sale
	4705	90.6	Semi-chemical Wood Pulp	6907	85.8	Unglazed ceramic flags & paving, hearth or wall tiles; unglazed ceramic mosaic cubes and the like
	2702	90.4	Lignite, agglomerated or not, excluding jet	1206	85.1	Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken
	4005	88.7	Compounded rubber, unvulcanized, in primary forms, plates, sheets, strips	7008	83.5	Multiple-walled insulating units of glass
	2601	88.1	Iron ores & concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites	2611	83.3	Tungsten ores and concentrates
	2604	84.7	Nickel ores and concentrates	8715	81.5	Baby carriages; parts thereof strollers
	0809	84.0	Apricots, cherries, peaches, plums & sloes, fresh	6602	81.1	Walking-sticks, seat-sticks, whips, riding-crops
	3915	82.9	Waste, parings and scrap, of plastics	5002	80.9	Raw silk (not thrown)
	5305	82.6	Coconut, abaca, ramie & other vegetable fibers, raw, processed, not spun; tow, noils & waste of these fibers (including yarn waste & garnetted stock)	8713	79.9	Invalid carriages
	5102	82.2	Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed	6501	78.0	Hat forms, bodies, hoods, plateaux & manchons of felt
	2615	77.8	Niobium, tantalum, vanadium & zirconium ores & concentrates columbium	5004	77.8	Silk yarn, not spun from waste, not retail packed
	1205	75.9	Rape or colza seeds, whether or not broken	8410	77.7	Hydraulic turbines, water wheels & regulators; parts thereof
				9105	77.6	Other clocks

Note:

The table lists particular commodities with share of above 75 percent of total ASEAN export/import of the respective commodities to/from selected dialogue partner countries. Example: 90.6 percent of ASEAN export of semi-chemical Wood Pulp were sold to China.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 27 (continuation)

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Commodities with High-significance Share in ASEAN Trade

2012

Trading partner country	Exports			Imports		
	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity
China				0706	77.4	Carrots, turnips & other edible roots, frozen, chilled beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes
				7227	77.1	Bars and rods, hot-rolled, in irregularly wound coils, of other alloy steel.
				0704	77.0	Cabbages, cauliflower, kohlrabi, kale & similar edible brassicas, fresh or chilled
				2606	76.7	Aluminum ores and concentrates
				0712	75.2	Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken, powder not further prepared
EU-28	5104	100.0	Garnetted stock of wool, fine or coarse animal hair	3001	98.81	Glands & extracts, secretions for organotherapeutic uses; heparin & its salts; other human or animal substances for therapeutic or prophylactic use
				4301	94.72	Raw furskins for furriers (not raw hides and skins), including heads, tails, paws & other pieces
	3001	99.87	Glands & extracts secretions for organotherapeutic uses; heparin & its salts; other human or animal substances for therapeutic or prophylactic use			
	8902	97.0	Fishing vessels; factory ships & vessels for processing or preserving fishery products	8605	92.86	Railway/tramway passenger coaches & special purpose coaches (not self-propelled or 8604) luggage vans
	2937	93.01	Hormones, derivatives & steroids used as hormones	2208	87.79	Undenatured ethyl alcohol of an alcoholic strength by volume of less than 80% vol; spirits, liqueurs and other spirituous beverages.
	2930	89.98	Organo-sulfur compounds	2703	86.15	Peat (including peat litter), agglomerated or not
	8712	79.87	Bicycles & other cycles (not motorized) delivery tricycles	0601	85.19	Bulbs, tubers; chicory plants & roots corns, crowns & rhizomes
	0208	78.09	Other meat & edible offal, fresh, chilled or frozen rabbit, hare, frogs, deer, quail	1509	84.98	Olive oil & its fractions, not chemically modified

Note:

The table lists particular commodities with share of above 75 percent of total ASEAN export/import of the respective commodities to/from selected dialogue partner countries. Example: 90.6 percent of ASEAN export of semi-chemical Wood Pulp were sold to China.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 27 (continuation)

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Commodities with High-significance Share in ASEAN Trade

2012

Trading partner country	Exports			Imports		
	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity
EU-28				4905	82.79	Maps hydrographic or similar charts of all kinds incl. atlases wall maps topographical plans & globes printed
				6502	80.75	Hat shapes, plaited or assembled strips any material
				1210	80.7	Hop cones, fresh, dried, powdered, pellets; lupulin
				5905	78.61	Textile wall coverings
				8478	77.1	Machinery for tobacco preparation, parts thereof
				8604	76.64	Railway/tramway maintenance or service vehicles workshops, cranes, ballast tampers, trackliners, testing coaches
			3303	75.29	Perfumes and toilet waters	
India	8603	99.17	Self-propelled railway or tramway coaches, vans and trucks, other than those of heading 8604	5003	90.89	Silk waste, including silk yarn waste etc.
	4704	98.64	Chemical Wood Pulp Sulphite Excl Dissolving Grades	2607	90.8	Lead ores and concentrates
	3201	86.56	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin, tannins & their salts, ester, esters & other derivatives			
	5101	85.57	Wool, not carded or combed			
	4906	83.6	Plans & Drawings For Architectural Commercial Industrialtopographical Purposes Being Originals & Carbon Copies			
	2911	81.95	Acetals and hemiacetals with or without other oxygen function and their.. halogenated sulfonated, nitrated, nitrosated derivatives			
	4403	80.37	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped(or treated) of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared poles, piles, posts			
Japan	7501	99.96	Nickle mattes, nickle oxide sinters, other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy	7111	94.87	Base metals, silver or gold, clad with platinum, not further worked than semi-manufactured
	7111	95.42	Base metals, silver, gold.. clad with platinum, not further worked than semifinished	7107	86.68	Base metals clad with silver not further worked than semi-manufactured

Note:

The table lists particular commodities with share of above 75 percent of total ASEAN export/import of the respective commodities to/from selected dialogue partner countries. Example: 99.0 percent of ASEAN import of meat of sheep or goat - fresh, chilled or frozen came from Australia and New Zealand.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

03 ASEAN trade dependency

Table 27 (continuation)

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Commodities with High-significance Share in ASEAN Trade

2012

Trading partner country	Exports			Imports		
	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity	HS Codes	Share (%)	Commodity
Japan	3006	91.59	Pharmaceutical goods, specified sterile products sutures, laminaria, blood-grouping reagents, dental cements & fillings, first aid kits, contraceptives from hormones or spermicides			
	5005	89.2	Yarn spun from silk waste not put up retail sale			
	8476	86.9	Automatic goods-vending machines, parts thereof postage stamp, cigarette, food, beverage, money-changing			
	2830	84.26	Sulfides; polysulfides			
	7109	80.58	Base metals or silver clad with gold not further worked than semimanufactured			
	2004	78.78	Other vegetables frozen & prepared or preserved but not by vinegar or acetic acid			
	4418	77.79	Builders' joinery and carpentry of wood, cellular wood panels, assembled parquet panels; shingles & shakes			
	3504	76.97	Peptones, other proteins substances & derivatives; hide powder			
Pakistan		no share above 75 percent			no share above 75 percent	
ROK		no share above 75 percent			no share above 75 percent	
Russia		no share above 75 percent		2524	75.76	Asbestos
USA	9302	95.63	Revolvers & pistols (not 9303,9304)	2303	85.47	Residues of starch, sugar or brewing manufacture beet-pulp, bagasse, corn gluten
	9303	89.21	Sport shotguns & rifles etc, very pistols etc	9705	79.99	Collectors' items of zoological, botanical, mineralogical, anatomical, historical, archeological, paleontological, ethnographic, numismatic interest
	5805	81.94	Hand-woven & needle-worked tapestries gobelins, flanders, aubusson, beauvais, petit point, cross stitch			

Note:

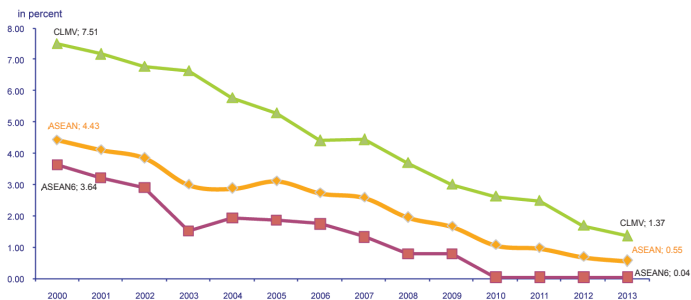
The table lists particular commodities with share of above 75 percent of total ASEAN export/import of the respective commodities to/from selected dialogue partner countries. Example: 99.0 percent of ASEAN import of meat of sheep or goat - fresh, chilled or frozen came from Australia and New Zealand.

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

04 ASEAN trade liberalisation

Chart 1

ASEAN: Average Tariff Rates on Intra-ASEAN Imports



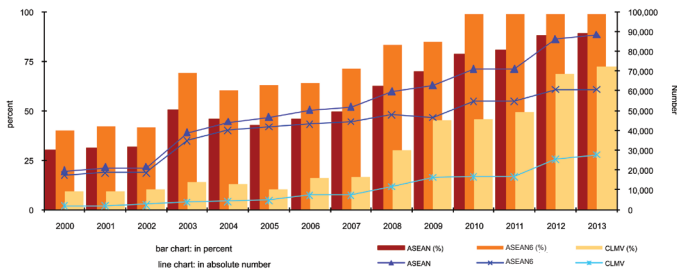
Source of data: ASEAN Tariff Database

- » Average tariff rates on imports in ASEAN6 reached 0.04 percent in 2012 while of CLMV was at 1.37 percent.

04 ASEAN trade liberalisation

Chart 2

ASEAN: Items with Zero Percent Tariff



Source of data: ASEAN Tariff Database

- » The number of items in the inclusion list with zero tariff in ASEAN6 increased significantly in 2003 and continued to increase until 2013. The growth in CLMV was more modest. In percentage terms, the growth in ASEAN6 showed a break in 2005 and 2006; but it was due to the rapid increase of the number of items in the list.

05 ASEAN trade in priority integration sectors

Table 28

ASEAN with Selected Trade Partners: Trade Balance for periods indicated

Priority Integration Sector	Unit/Scale	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Agro-based	Value (US\$ million)	14,362	29,553	39,200	53,209	49,877
	Growth (%)	0.5	(22.7)	32.6	35.7	(6.3)
	Share to total (%)	2.2	3.6	3.7	4.3	4.0
Rubber-based	Value (US\$ million)	14,059	18,222	25,927	31,623	35,434
	Growth (%)	9.3	(16.4)	42.3	22.0	12.1
	Share to total (%)	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.8
Wood-based	Value (US\$ million)	13,068	10,432	11,070	10,765	12,284
	Growth (%)	6.2	(22.5)	6.1	(2.8)	14.1
	Share to total (%)	2.0	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.0
Fisheries	Value (US\$ million)	9,503	11,236	13,432	15,804	9,071
	Growth (%)	7.5	(9.7)	19.5	17.7	(42.6)
	Share to total (%)	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	0.7
Textiles and apparel	Value (US\$ million)	30,114	30,015	39,394	47,052	48,640
	Growth (%)	7.4	(15.7)	31.2	19.4	3.4
	Share to total (%)	4.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.9
Electronics	Value (US\$ million)	190,920	156,210	210,799	193,862	195,844
	Growth (%)	10.1	(20.2)	34.9	(8.0)	1.0
	Share to total (%)	29.5	19.3	20.0	15.6	15.6
Automotive	Value (US\$ million)	23,689	32,845	47,057	51,707	60,313
	Growth (%)	24.6	(23.7)	43.3	9.9	16.6
	Share to total (%)	3.7	4.1	4.5	4.2	4.8

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » In 2012, outbound shipments of automotive registered the highest growth by almost 17 percent at more than US\$60 billion. Export sales of automotive products has regained its strength after a double-digit dip in 2009.
- » In contrast, exports of fishery products declined sharply by more than 40 percent while agro-based products reversed to negative growth from a double-digit positive growth in 2011.
- » The total export value of the seven Priority Integration Sectors' products accounted for more than 32 percent of the region's export receipts. Meanwhile, exports of electronic products continued to garner the biggest share in this list, averaging more than 17 percent for the last three years.

05 ASEAN trade in priority integration sectors

Table 29

Intra-ASEAN: Trend of Priority Integration Sectors' Exports
for periods indicated

Priority Integration Sector	Unit/Scale	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012
Agro-based	Value (US\$ million)	1,686	3,565	5,513	8,139	7,045
	Growth (%)	(6.2)	(19.0)	54.6	47.6	(13.4)
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	1.0	1.8	2.1	2.5	2.2
Rubber-based	Value (US\$ million)	1,651	2,600	3,301	4,305	4,602
	Growth (%)	18.3	(5.7)	26.9	30.4	6.9
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
Wood-based	Value (US\$ million)	918	716	794	888	928
	Growth (%)	7.9	(25.5)	11.0	11.8	4.4
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Fisheries	Value (US\$ million)	715	872	1,031	1,562	1,167
	Growth (%)	2.6	(15.9)	18.2	51.5	(25.3)
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4
Textiles and apparel	Value (US\$ million)	3,003	3,185	3,930	4,619	4,976
	Growth (%)	10.4	(13.6)	23.4	17.5	7.7
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5
Electronics	Value (US\$ million)	46,578	36,281	52,359	53,618	48,622
	Growth (%)	9.2	(23.2)	44.3	2.4	(9.3)
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	28.4	18.2	19.9	16.4	15.0
Automotive	Value (US\$ million)	8,349	11,347	15,738	19,706	20,900
	Growth (%)	24.6	(18.6)	38.7	25.2	6.1
	Share of Intra-ASEAN to total export (%)	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.0	6.5

Source: ASEAN Trade Statistics Database, as of 20 December 2013

- » Intra-ASEAN exports of electronic products decreased by almost 10 percent at US\$48.6 billion. Similarly, its share to intra-ASEAN total trade has continued to decline from 28.4 percent in 2005 to 15 percent in 2012.
- » Automotive products posted the second leading export item, reaching close to US\$21 billion.

06 ASEAN foreign direct investment

Table 30

ASEAN: Trends in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Inflows
for periods indicated

Categories	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^{p/}
In US\$ million						
Total	21,808.5	42,556.4	49,045.3	98,872.8	109,319.9	110,291.2
Intra-ASEAN	853.0	4,210.6	6,664.2	15,460.1	17,874.6	20,160.1
Rest of the World	21,289.5	38,345.8	42,381.1	83,412.7	91,445.3	90,131.1
Unspecified	-334.0	-	-	-	-	-
In percent share to total						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Intra-ASEAN	3.9	9.9	13.6	15.6	16.4	18.3
Rest of the World	97.6	90.1	86.4	84.4	83.6	81.7
Unspecified	-1.5	-	-	-	-	-

p/ Preliminary

Note:

Starting 2008, ASEAN Member States' entries on 'Unspecified' item were included in 'Others'.

Source: ASEAN Investment Statistics Database based on Member States' submission, as of 30 October 2013

- » In 2012, FDI inflows in the region reached the same level as in 2011. Considerable increase in intra-ASEAN FDI inflows' expansion offset the decline in FDI from the rest of the world.

06 ASEAN foreign direct investment

Table 31a

ASEAN: Trends in FDI Inflows, by host country
for periods indicated

Host Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^{p/}
In US\$ million						
Brunei Darussalam	550	289	371	625	1,208	n.a
Cambodia	149	381	539	783	892	1,557
Indonesia	-4,550	8,336	4,877	13,771	19,242	19,853
Lao PDR	34	28	319	333	301	294
Malaysia	3,788	4,064	1,405	9,156	12,001	9,400
Myanmar	208	236	963	2,249	2,057	1,152
Philippines	2,240	1,854	1,963	1,298	1,816	2,797
Singapore	14,752	17,300	26,155	53,547	55,285	56,172
Thailand	3,350	8,048	4,853	9,112	8,999	10,697
Viet Nam	1,289	2,021	7,600	8,000	7,519	8,368
Total ASEAN	21,809	42,556	49,045	98,873	109,320	110,291
CLMV	1,679	2,666	9,421	11,364	10,768	11,372
ASEAN6	20,129	39,891	39,624	87,509	98,551	98,919

p/ Preliminary

Notes:

CLMV includes Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Viet Nam.

ASEAN6 consists of Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand

Source: ASEAN Investment Statistics Database based on Member States' submission, as of 30 October 2013

- » FDI inflows in most Member States rose significantly in 2012, except for Lao PDR, Malaysia, and Myanmar. Singapore led the list of top FDI destinations, followed by Indonesia and Thailand, in second and third place, respectively.

06 ASEAN foreign direct investment

Table 31b

ASEAN: Trends in FDI Inflows, by host country
for periods indicated

Host Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^{p/}
In percent share to total						
Brunei Darussalam	2.5	0.7	0.8	0.6	1.1	n.a.
Cambodia	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.4
Indonesia	-20.9	19.6	9.9	13.9	17.6	18.0
Lao PDR	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.3
Malaysia	17.4	9.5	2.9	9.3	11.0	8.5
Myanmar	1.0	0.6	2.0	2.3	1.9	1.0
Philippines	10.3	4.4	4.0	1.3	1.7	2.5
Singapore	67.6	40.7	53.3	54.2	50.6	50.9
Thailand	15.4	18.9	9.9	9.2	8.2	9.7
Viet Nam	5.9	4.7	15.5	8.1	6.9	7.6
Total ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CLMV	7.7	6.3	19.2	11.5	9.9	10.3
ASEAN6	92.3	93.7	80.8	88.5	90.1	89.7

p/ Preliminary

Notes:

CLMV includes Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Viet Nam.

ASEAN6 consists of Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand.

Source: ASEAN Investment Statistics Database based on Member States' submission, as of 30 October 2013

- » In 2012, Singapore and Indonesia cornered the bulk of the region's FDI inflows, at 51 percent and 18 percent, respectively. Viet Nam, however, accounted for more than 70 percent of the total FDI inflows in the CLMV country group.

06 ASEAN foreign direct investment

Table 32a

ASEAN: Trends in FDI Inflows, by source country
for periods indicated

Source Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^{p/}
In US\$ million						
Intra-ASEAN	853	4,211	6,664	15,460	17,875	20,160
Australia	-365	257	983	3,969	1,106	1,860
Canada	-776	683	753	1,310	1,163	447
China	-143	616	1,968	2,539	7,336	4,335
EU-28	13,004	11,722	8,809	19,325	28,417	23,305
India	81	471	572	3,368	-1,688	2,635
Japan	551	6,582	3,976	10,842	12,939	23,113
New Zealand	43	595	109	21	66	170
Pakistan	4	4	15	30	13	-11
Republic of Korea	-49	529	1,789	3,705	2,552	2,121
Russia	-	-	140	60	39	184
USA	7,490	3,263	6,016	10,997	7,603	7,066
Rest of the World	1,450	13,625	17,250	27,246	31,901	24,905
Unspecified	-334	-	-	-	-	-
Total	21,809	42,556	49,045	98,873	109,320	110,291

p/ Preliminary

Notes:

Starting 2008, ASEAN Member States' entries on 'Unspecified' item were included in 'Others'.

EU-28 consists of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and United Kingdom.

Source: ASEAN Investment Statistics Database based on Member States' submission, as of 30 October 2013

- » In 2012, increased FDI inflows in the region were largely from intra-ASEAN, EU-28 and Japan. In particular, intra-ASEAN FDI amounted to US\$ 20.2 billion from US\$ 17.9 billion in 2011. FDI inflows from Japan nearly doubled, offsetting the decrease in FDI inflows from EU-28, China and US, Republic of Korea and the rest of the world.

06 ASEAN foreign direct investment

Table 32b

ASEAN: Trends in FDI Inflows, by source country for periods indicated

Source Country	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012 ^{p/}
In percent share to total						
Intra-ASEAN	3.9	9.9	13.6	15.6	16.4	18.3
Australia	-1.7	0.6	2.0	4.0	1.0	1.7
Canada	-3.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.4
China	-0.7	1.4	4.0	2.6	6.7	3.9
EU-28	59.6	27.5	18.0	19.5	26.0	21.1
India	0.4	1.1	1.2	3.4	-1.5	2.4
Japan	2.5	15.5	8.1	11.0	11.8	21.0
New Zealand	0.2	1.4	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2
Pakistan	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Republic of Korea	-0.2	1.2	3.6	3.7	2.3	1.9
Russia	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2
USA	34.3	7.7	12.3	11.1	7.0	6.4
Rest of the World	6.6	32.0	35.2	27.6	29.2	22.6
Unspecified	-1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

p/ Preliminary

Notes:

Starting 2008, ASEAN Member States' entries on 'Unspecified' item were included in 'Others'.

EU-28 consists of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and United Kingdom.

Source: ASEAN Investment Statistics Database based on Member States' submission, as of 30 October 2013

- » Intra-ASEAN's share to ASEAN FDI inflows increased from 16.4 percent in 2011 to 18.3 percent in 2012.
- » Meanwhile, FDI inflows from EU-28, Japan and US, accounted for almost 50 percent of the FDI inflows in the region.

07 ASEAN tourism

Table 33

ASEAN: Trends in Tourist Arrivals, by host country
for periods indicated

Host Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
In thousands						
Brunei Darussalam	179	226	157	214	242	209
Cambodia	2,015	2,125	2,162	2,508	2,882	3,584
Indonesia	5,506	6,429	6,324	7,003	7,650	8,044
Lao PDR	1,624	2,005	2,008	2,513	2,724	3,330
Malaysia	20,236	22,052	23,646	24,577	24,714	25,033
Myanmar	732	661	763	792	816	1,059
Philippines	3,092	3,139	3,017	3,520	3,917	4,273
Singapore	10,288	10,116	9,681	11,639	13,171	14,491
Thailand	14,464	14,597	14,150	15,936	19,098	22,354
Viet Nam	4,150	4,254	3,772	5,050	6,014	6,848
ASEAN	62,285	65,605	65,680	73,753	81,229	89,225
ASEAN6	53,764	56,561	56,976	62,890	68,793	74,404
CLMV	8,521	9,045	8,705	10,863	12,436	14,821
In percent share to total						
ASEAN	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ASEAN6	86.3	86.2	86.7	85.3	84.7	83.4
CLMV	13.7	13.8	13.3	14.7	15.3	16.6

Notes:

CLMV includes Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Viet Nam

ASEAN6 consists of Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand

Source: ASEAN NTO's compiled in the ASEAN Tourism Database, as of 30 November 2013

- » Tourist arrivals to the ASEAN countries reached 89 million and sustained the 10 percent growth in 2011. Malaysia, Thailand and Singapore continued to be the top tourist destinations, comprising almost 70 percent of the total arrivals in 2012. Meanwhile, the CLMV countries are gradually increasing their shares against the ASEAN6.

07 ASEAN tourism

Table 34

ASEAN: Tourist Arrivals (Growth Rates, in percent)
for periods indicated

Host Country	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
In thousands					
Brunei Darussalam	26.4	-30.3	36.1	13.0	-13.6
Cambodia	5.5	1.7	16.0	14.9	24.4
Indonesia	16.8	-1.6	10.7	9.2	5.2
Lao PDR	23.5	0.2	25.1	8.4	22.3
Malaysia	9.0	7.2	3.9	0.6	1.3
Myanmar	-9.7	15.4	3.8	3.1	29.7
Philippines	1.5	-3.9	16.7	11.3	9.1
Singapore	-1.7	-4.3	20.2	13.2	10.0
Thailand	0.9	-3.1	12.6	19.8	17.0
Viet Nam	2.5	-11.3	33.9	19.1	13.9
ASEAN	5.3	0.1	12.3	10.1	9.8
ASEAN6	5.2	0.7	10.4	9.4	8.2
CLMV	6.2	-3.8	24.8	14.5	19.2

Notes:

CLMV includes Cambodia, Lao PDR, Myanmar and Viet Nam.

ASEAN6 consists of Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore and Thailand.

Source: ASEAN NTO's compiled in the ASEAN Tourism Database, as of 30 November 2013

- » In 2012, tourist arrivals to all ASEAN Member States increased, except for Brunei Darussalam, which dropped by more than 13 percent. The CLMV registered a higher growth of 19.2 percent in 2012 from 14.5 percent the previous year - surpassing ASEAN6's performance of 9.4 percent and 8.2 percent in 2011 and 2012, respectively.

07 ASEAN tourism

Table 35

ASEAN: Tourist Arrivals, by country of origin
for periods indicated

Country of Origin	Levels (In Thousands)		Percent Share to Total	
	2011	2012	2011	2012
Intra-ASEAN	37.733	39.845	46.5	44.7
EU	7.355	8.079	9.1	9.1
China	7.316	9.283	9.0	10.4
Australia	3.926	4.060	4.8	4.5
Japan	3.664	4.275	4.5	4.8
ROK	3.862	4.011	4.8	4.5
USA	2.838	2.984	3.5	3.3
India	2.711	2.840	3.3	3.2
Rest of the World	11.853	14.886	14.6	16.7
TOTAL ASEAN	81.229	89.225	100.0	100.0

Source: ASEAN NTO's compiled in the ASEAN Tourism Database, as of 30 November 2013

- » In 2012, intra-ASEAN remained as the major source of tourist arrivals, accounting for 44.7 percent of the region's total visitors. However, its share to total has slightly declined from last year's share of 46.5 percent.

08 ASEAN telecommunications

Table 36

ASEAN: Internet Subscribers/Users, per 1000 persons
for periods indicated

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	55.0	63.0	84.9	125.9	128.0	131.3
Cambodia	0.8	1.5	20.7	22.4	31.0	49.4
Indonesia	57.9	79.2	87.0	109.2	122.8	153.6
Lao PDR	16.4	35.5	60.0	70.0	90.0	107.5
Malaysia	557.0	558.0	559.0	563.0	610.0	217.0
Myanmar	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0
Philippines	28.2	33.2	39.0	46.0	54.1	63.7
Singapore	430.4	479.8	477.7	488.9	482.0	NA
Thailand	15.5	18.2	20.1	22.4	23.7	26.5
Viet Nam	15.2	24.1	34.5	41.9	46.5	53.8
ASEAN ^{1/}	61.1	72.8	79.5	91.4	101.6	-

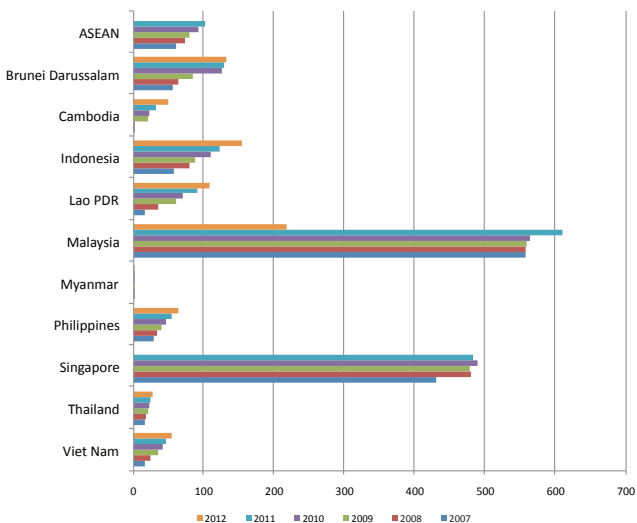
1/ ASEAN figures were estimated using data from country submission and the UN MDG indicator website

Sources: Country submission and UN MDG Indicators websites

08 ASEAN telecommunications

Chart 3

ASEAN: Internet Subscribers/Users per 1000 persons
for periods indicated



08 ASEAN telecommunications

Table 37

ASEAN: Cellular/Mobile Phone Density, no. of units per 1000 persons
for periods indicated

Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	1,089.0	1,064.0	1,122.0	1,125.0	1,127.0	1,175.0
Cambodia	97.5	283.1	450.6	736.8	1,079.7	1,319.6
Indonesia	415.7	598.3	670.8	880.8	1,024.9	1,152.0
Lao PDR	242.7	335.8	529.2	645.6	871.6	1,018.5
Malaysia	879.2	1,007.7	1,078.5	1,192.2	1,270.4	1,430.0
Myanmar	5.0	9.1	12.3	15.7	24.1	62.0
Philippines	647.5	752.8	819.6	900.5	981.3	1,044.9
Singapore	1,224.6	1,310.1	1,374.8	1,435.7	1,496.1	1,517.8
Thailand	802.0	930.0	986.0	1,066.0	1,146.0	1,237.0
Viet Nam	474.5	789.9	1,278.1	1,296.3	1,449.4	1,560.7
ASEAN ^{1/}	482.4	644.8	771.4	892.5	1,009.0	1,114.5

1/ ASEAN figures were estimated using data from country submission and the UN MDG indicator website

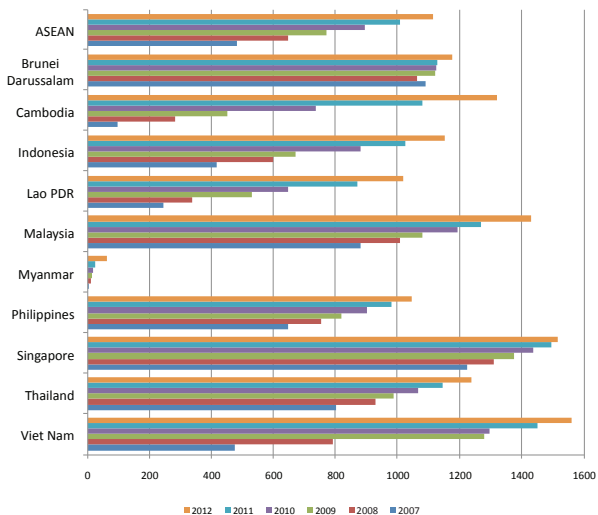
Sources: Country submission and UN MDG Indicators websites

- » In 2012, the number of cellular/mobile phone units per 1,000 persons increased noticeably in all Member States. Except for Myanmar, the rest of the Member States showed that 1 person owned more than 1 unit of cellular/mobile phone.

08 ASEAN telecommunications

Chart 4

ASEAN: Cellular/Mobile Phone Density (number of units per 1000 persons)
for periods indicated



09 ASEAN social development

Table 38

ASEAN: Distribution of Population, by age group 2012

Country	Age Group, in percent					Total
	0-4	5-19	20-54	55-64	> 65	
Brunei Darussalam	7.8	25.9	56.5	6.1	3.7	100.0
Cambodia	10.7	31.7	47.7	5.5	4.4	100.0
Indonesia ^{2/}	9.2	26.5	52.5	6.6	5.2	100.0
Lao PDR	14.4	34.2	42.9	4.7	3.7	100.0
Malaysia	8.5	27.4	51.8	7.0	5.3	100.0
Myanmar	9.4	29.1	48.9	6.7	5.9	100.0
Philippines ^{2/}	11.7	31.7	46.6	5.7	4.3	100.0
Singapore ^{1/}	4.9	18.3	54.2	12.7	9.9	100.0
Thailand	5.9	21.3	54.4	10.0	8.4	100.0
Viet Nam ^{3/}	8.2	26.7	52.9	5.7	6.4	100.0
ASEAN ^{4/}	9.1	27.2	51.3	6.7	5.6	100.0

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents

2/ Applying 2010 age structure

3/ Applying 2009 age structure

4/ Total ASEAN excludes Singapore's non-residents population

Source: ASEAN Statistical Yearbook 2013

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Table 39

ASEAN Member States: Population Living under PPP \$1.25, in percent for periods indicated

Country	2005	2010 ^a
Brunei Darussalam	n.a	n.a
Cambodia	36	28
Indonesia	21	16
Lao PDR	39	31
Malaysia	-	-
Myanmar	-	-
Philippines	22	23
Singapore	n.a	n.a
Thailand	0	0
Viet Nam	23	14

a 2010 figures were computed by ASEANstats for the few missing years of ASEAN Member States' data. Brunei Darussalam and Singapore do not have a national poverty line. Meanwhile, Myanmar and Malaysia have no available data.

Notes: '-' means no data available

n.a. Not applicable

Sources: PovcalNet: the on-line tool for poverty measurement developed by the Development Research Group of the World Bank, <http://web.worldbank.org/WBSITE/EXTERNAL/EXTDEC/EXTRESEARCH/EXTPROGRAMS/EXTPOVRES/EXTPOVCALNET>, and ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012.

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Table 40

ASEAN Member States: Poor Population Based on National Poverty Line, in percent

for periods indicated

Country	2000	2003	2005	2007	2010	2011
Brunei Darussalam	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Cambodia	37.0	34.7 ^c	33.0	30.1	21.1	19.8
Indonesia	19.1	17.4	16.0	16.6	13.3	12.5
Lao PDR	36.0	33.5	30.0	27.6 ^e	24.0	-
Malaysia	8.5	5.7 ^c	5.7	3.6	3.8	-
Myanmar	26.6 ^a	-	32.0	-	25.6	23.6
Philippines	26.0	24.9	26.0	26.5 ^d	26.3 ^f	-
Singapore	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Thailand	21.0	11.2 ^c	9.6 ^d	9.0 ^e	7.2	-
Viet Nam	28.9 ^b	19.5 ^c	16.0 ^d	14.5 ^e	14.2	12.6

a 2001; b 2002; c 2004; d 2006; e 2008; f 2009. 2010 figures for Cambodia, Thailand and Viet Nam were ASEANstats estimate. Brunei Darussalam and Singapore do not have a national poverty line.

Notes: '-' means no data available

n.a. Not applicable

Sources: ASEAN Member States' data submission, World Bank data bank at <http://databank.worldbank.org> and the ASEAN Member Statistical Data Report on the MDGs 2012

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Table 41

ASEAN Member States: Gini Coefficient in ASEAN Member States, in percent

for periods indicated

Country	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Brunei Darussalam	0.413	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cambodia	0.419	-	0.444	0.379	-	-	-
Indonesia	0.343	0.357	0.360	0.350	0.370	0.380	0.410
Lao PDR	-	0.354	-	-	-	-	-
Malaysia	0.379	-	0.441	-	0.441	-	-
Myanmar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Philippines	0.440	0.456	-	-	0.464	-	0.461
Singapore ^{1/}	0.470	0.476	0.482	0.474	0.471	0.472	0.473
Thailand	0.425	0.418	0.397	0.401	0.396	0.394	-
Viet Nam	0.378	0.420	-	0.434	-	0.433	-

1/ Measures the degree of inequality in monthly income from work per household member among employed households

Notes: '-' means no data available

Sources: ASEAN Member States' data submission for ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System (ACPMS) Report, 2012; World Bank, Development Research Group.

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Table 42

ASEAN Member States: Life Expectancy at Birth, in years
for periods indicated

Country	Female			Male			Both Sexes		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	77.8	78.5	79.9	76.5	75.6	76.3	77.7	77.1	78.1
Cambodia	67.7	68.4	69.1	61.4	62.0	62.7	64.5	65.2	65.9
Indonesia	72.9	71.1	71.7	69.0	67.7	67.7	70.9	69.7	69.9
Lao PDR	66.7	-	-	62.7	-	-	64.7	65.4	-
Malaysia	77.1	77.1	77.2	71.9	72.1	72.3	73.9	73.9	74.4
Myanmar	68.6	68.7	69.5	64.6	64.9	66.6	66.6	67.1	67.1
Philippines	71.6	73.1	-	66.1	67.6	65.2	68.9	70.4	-
Singapore ^{1/}	84.0	84.1	84.5	79.2	79.5	79.9	81.7	81.9	82.3
Thailand	77.4	77.5	-	70.6	70.8	70.9	73.9	74.1	-
Viet Nam	75.7	77.1	-	70.3	73.1	71.1	72.9	73.0	-

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Sources: AMSs submission for ASEAN Community Statistical System (ACPMS) Report 2012, Latest National statistics publications/websites and WB-World Development Indicators at <http://databank.worldbank.org/ddp/home.do>.

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Table 43

ASEAN Member States: Infant Mortality Rate, per 1000 live births for periods indicated

Country	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	7.0	7.4	6.1	8.3	9.3
Cambodia	60.0	60.0	44.9	36.0	-
Indonesia	-	-	34.0	25.0	-
Lao PDR	61.8	59.2	56.6	54.1	-
Malaysia	6.2	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.6
Myanmar	29.5	27.2	27.1	27.0	26.2
Philippines	24.5	23.9	27.0	20.0	-
Singapore ^{1/}	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8
Thailand	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.6	-
Viet Nam	15.0	16.0	15.8	17.0	-

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents

Sources: ASEAN Member States data Submission for ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System (ACPMS) Report, 2012. World Bank, Development Research Group. Countdown to 2015 Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival website, WHO.

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Table 44

ASEAN Member States: Government Health Expenditure as Percentage of GDP

for periods indicated

Country	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010
Brunei Darussalam	2.5	2.4	2.3	3.0	2.8
Cambodia	6.4	5.0	4.8	5.3	5.6
Indonesia	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.6
Lao PDR	4.3	4.0	4.5	4.4	4.5
Malaysia	4.1	3.8	3.8	4.6	4.4
Myanmar	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0
Philippines	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.6
Singapore	3.0	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.0
Thailand	3.6	3.6	4.0	4.2	3.9
Viet Nam	6.0	7.0	6.6	6.9	6.8

Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators at <http://databank.worldbank.org/ddp/home.do>

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Table 45

ASEAN Member States: Under Age 5 Mortality Rate, per 1000 Live Births, in percent
for periods indicated

Country	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Brunei Darussalam	9.5	9.5	9.5	8.2	7.2	10.0
Cambodia	83.0	-	-	-	54.0	43.0
Indonesia	45.0	-	-	-	42.0	32.0
Lao PDR	97.6	88.6	84.4	80.4	76.4	42.0
Malaysia	8.5	7.9	8.0	8.5	8.5	-
Myanmar	70.8	64.3	40.7	36.5	34.9	33.9
Philippines	34.0	-	-	-	36.0	25.0
Singapore	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9
Thailand	10.8	10.0	9.9	9.8	9.8	9.0
Viet Nam	26.8	24.1	22.5	24.1	23.8	23.3

Notes: '-' means no data available.

Sources: ASEAN Member States submission for ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System (ACPMS) and ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012; Countdown to 2015 Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival website, WHO.

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Table 46

ASEAN Member States: Adult Literacy Rate 15 Years Old and Above, in percent

for periods indicated

Country	Female			Male			Total		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	95.0	95.4	-	97.5	97.7	-	96.4	96.7	-
Cambodia	69.1	72.6	73.2	85.1	87.8	86.9	76.7	79.9	79.7
Indonesia	90.5	90.1	90.6	95.4	95.6	95.9	92.9	92.8	93.3
Lao PDR	69.6	-	-	81.2	-	-	75.3	-	-
Malaysia	90.7	91.8	-	95.3	95.9	-	93.1	93.9	-
Myanmar	95.3	95.3	95.1	94.6	94.4	94.8	95.0	95.0	95.6
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Singapore ^{1/}	93.8	94.1	93.3	98.0	98.4	98.5	95.9	96.2	96.4
Thailand	96.1	-	-	96.1	-	-	96.1	-	-
Viet Nam	91.6	92.2	-	95.9	96.2	-	93.7	94.2	-

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Sources: ASEAN Member States submission for ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System (ACPMS) and ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012; World Bank, World Development Indicators (WDI) Databank.

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Table 47

ASEAN Member States: Net Primary Enrolment Rate, in percent for periods indicated

Country	Female			Male			Both Sexes		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	91.9	-	-	96.9	-	-	97.4	-	-
Cambodia	94.6	94.6	97.0	95.0	95.8	98.2	94.8	95.2	97.0
Indonesia	94.7	90.5	92.4	94.8	91.6	92.6	94.8	91.0	92.5
Lao PDR	91.7	93.3	94.3	93.7	94.9	96.0	92.7	94.1	95.2
Malaysia	96.6	-	-	95.9	-	-	96.2	-	-
Myanmar	83.5	-	-	84.8	-	-	84.1	84.6	84.6
Philippines	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.4	89.9	-
Singapore	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Thailand	89.4	-	-	-	-	-	86.0	-	-
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	94.9	95.3	-

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Sources: ASEAN Member States submission for ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System (ACPMS) and ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012; World Bank, World Development Indicators (WDI) Databank.

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Table 48

ASEAN Member States: Unemployment Rate by Gender, in percent
for periods indicated

Country	Female			Male			Both Sexes		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam ^{1/}	3.9	2.4	2.3	2.2	1.3	1.2	2.9	1.7	1.7
Cambodia	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2
Indonesia	8.7	7.6	6.8	6.2	5.9	5.8	7.1	6.6	6.1
Lao PDR	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	-	-
Malaysia	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.3	3.1	3.0
Myanmar	4.6	4.6	4.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.0
Philippines	6.7	6.1	6.7	7.4	6.7	7.0	7.1	6.4	6.8
Singapore ^{2/}	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.7
Thailand	1.0	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.3	2.3	3.2

1/ Aged 15 to 64 years; 2/ The annual average figures are the simple averages of the non-seasonally adjusted unemployment figures obtained at quarterly intervals. Residents refer to Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents.

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Source: Country submission as of November 2013

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Table 49

ASEAN Member States: Labour Force Participation Rate by Gender, in percent
for periods indicated

Country	Female			Male			Both Sexes		
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Brunei Darussalam	58.0	58.3	56.0	76.4	77.3	76.0	66.6	66.4	66.6
Cambodia	80.8	81.6	-	88.3	89.0	-	84.4	85.1	87.5
Indonesia	51.8	52.4	51.4	83.8	84.3	84.4	69.6	70.1	67.9
Lao PDR	76.2	-	-	79.3	-	-	77.7	-	-
Malaysia	46.8	47.9	49.5	79.3	79.7	80.5	63.7	64.4	65.5
Myanmar	50.0	50.0	50.2	82.4	82.4	82.7	66.1	66.0	66.3
Philippines	49.6	52.2	49.6	78.9	80.4	78.2	64.2	66.3	63.9
Singapore	56.5	57.0	57.7	76.5	75.6	76.0	66.2	66.1	66.6
Thailand	64.3	64.3	64.3	80.7	80.3	80.7	72.3	72.1	72.3
Viet Nam	-	-	-	-	-	-	77.4	77.0	76.8

Notes: '-' means no data available.

italic means data revised from previous publication.

Source: Country submission as of November 2013

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Table 50

ASEAN Member States: Employment by Sector, in percent
for periods indicated

Sector	Brunei Darussalam (2009)	Cambodia (2012)	Indonesia (2012)	Lao PDR	Malaysia (2012)
Agriculture, Fishery & Forestry	4.09	54.85	35.09	-	12.59
Manufacturing	5.74	13.13	13.87	-	17.51
Construction	27.72	4.97	6.13	-	9.15
Wholesales & Retail Trade, Restaurants, & Hotels	27.26	17.02	20.90	-	24.15
Transportation, Storage, Communication	5.04	4.48	4.51	-	6.55
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services	8.03	0.41	2.40	-	5.50
Public Services	11.38	3.25	15.43	-	22.78
Others (Mining & Quarrying, Electricity, Gas & Water, Unknown)	10.75	1.89	1.67	-	1.77
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	-	100.00
Sector	Myanmar (1996)	Philippines (2012)	Singapore (2012) ^{1/}	Thailand (2012)	Viet Nam (2011)
Agriculture, Fishery & Forestry	66.58	32.30	-	38.87	48.39
Manufacturing	8.76	8.30	13.62	14.72	13.85
Construction	2.10	5.80	4.96	6.32	6.40
Wholesales & Retail Trade, Restaurants, & Hotels	9.72	22.30	21.27	21.24	15.54
Transportation, Storage, Communication	2.62	8.00	13.85	3.03	3.34
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services	7.86	4.70	21.37 ^a	3.10	1.27
Public Services	1.51	17.60	23.64 ^b	12.04	9.81
Others (Mining & Quarrying, Electricity, Gas & Water, Unknown)	0.85	1.00	1.3 ^c	0.68	1.41
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents.

a includes Professional, Scientific & Technical, Administrative & Support Services. b includes Community, Social & Personal Services. c includes Agriculture, Fishing, Mining & Quarrying, Utilities and Sewerage & Waste Management.

Note: '-' means no data available

Source: Country submission as of November 2013

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Table 51

ASEAN Member States: Employment by Occupation, in percent
for periods indicated

Occupation	Indonesia (2004)	Malaysia (2012)	Philippines (2012)	Singapore (2012) ^{1/}	Thailand (2012)
Professionals, technical and related workers	3.10	19.89	7.40	35.67	8.38
Administrative, executive and managerial workers	0.20	5.39	15.90	17.00	3.12
Clerical and related workers	4.80	9.20	5.70	13.03	3.53
Sales workers and services workers	17.90	20.64	18.40	12.47	18.46
Agricultural, animal husbandry and forestry workers; fishermen and hunters	51.40	9.24	13.80	-	35.92
Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and laborers	22.60	23.28	38.50	18.48	19.18
Others	-	12.36	0.30	3.34 ^a	11.42
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

1/ Refer to residents' population, comprising Singapore Citizens and Permanent Residents.
a includes Agricultural & Fishery workers and workers not classifiable by occupation.

Note: '-' means no data available

Source: Country submission as of November 2013

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Table 52

ASEAN Member States: Population with Access to Safe Drinking Water, in percent

for periods indicated

Country	2005	2006	2010	2011
Brunei Darussalam	99	99	100	100
Cambodia	51	55	48	51
Indonesia ^{1/}	48	48	44	43
Lao PDR	51 ^b	60	82	70
Malaysia	94	95	94	94
Myanmar	78 ^{ab}	80	83	NA
Philippines	80 ^b	93	83	83
Singapore	100	100	100	100
Thailand	99 ^b	99	99	100
Viet Nam	80 ^b	92	89	96

1/ Percentage of households; a Original data were adjusted by the international agency for international comparability-that is to comply with the internationally agreed standards, definitions and classifications (age group, ISCED, etc) - MDG Indicators, UN Stats; b 2004 data.

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Sources: Brunei Darussalam, Public Works Department, estimated; Cambodia, Ministry of Environment, Cambodia Inter-censal Population Survey 2004, 2005 and 2008; Indonesia, BPS; Lao PDR, NSO APIS; Malaysia, Myanmar (2005 figure) and Viet Nam, UN MDG Indicators; Myanmar, Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey, 2003 Dept. of Health; Philippines, NSO APIS; Singapore, Public Utilities Board; Thailand National Statistics Office; ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012.

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Table 53

ASEAN Member States: Population with Access to Sanitation Facilities, in percent
for periods indicated

Country	2005	2006	2010	2011
Brunei Darussalam	80	79	80	80
Cambodia	27	31 ^b	40	44
Indonesia ^{1/}	37	-	51	56
Lao PDR	45	-	49	62
Malaysia	98	98 ^b	98	98
Myanmar	76	78	84	81
Philippines	85 ^a	84	92	92
Singapore	100	100	100	100
Thailand	99 ^a	99	99	100
Viet Nam	61 ^a	59	76	75

1/ Percentage of Households; a 2004 data; b 2007 data.

Notes: '-' means no data available

italic means data revised from previous publication

Sources: Brunei Darussalam, Dept. of Statistics; Cambodia, Cambodia Inter-censal Population Survey 2004, 2005 and 2008; Indonesia, BPS-Statistics Indonesia; Lao PDR, UNDP, HDR 2006; Malaysia, UN Statistics Division, MDG Indicators; Myanmar, National Sanitation Week, Dept. of Health; Philippines, NSO APIS; Singapore, Public Utilities Board; Thailand National Statistics Office. ASEAN Statistical Report on the MDGs 2012.

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Table 54

ASEAN Member States: Protected Area (PA) as Percentage of Total Land Area

for periods indicated

Country	Land Area (km ²)	Total PAs as of 2008 (km ²)	% of PA to Total Land Area (as of 2008)
Brunei Darussalam	5,765	1,047*	18.2*
Cambodia	181,035	42,592	23.5
Indonesia	1,860,360	247,269	13.1
Lao PDR	236,800	36,992	15.6
Malaysia	330,252	22,178	6.7
Myanmar	676,577	49,456**	7.3*
Philippines	300,000	54,491	18.2
Singapore	714	34	4.8
Thailand	513,120	108,958	21.2
Viet Nam	331,051	25,417	7.7
ASEAN	4,435,674	537,931	13.2

Notes: # Protected Area Systems described both 3.93% of notified and 3.37% of proposed. Protected areas in Myanmar which have not been categorised into International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) classification * updated by AMSs

Sources: ASEAN Centre for Biodiversity, compiled from WDPA database (Fish, Lucy, 2006. Personal communication with UNEP-WCMC GIS manager on WDPA 2009 pre-release)



Other ASEANstats Publications:

1. ASEAN Statistical Yearbook 2013
2. ASEAN Economic Community Chartbook 2013
3. ASEAN Statistics Leaflet: Selected Key Indicators, 2013
4. ASEAN Community Progress Monitoring System 2012
5. ASEAN Brief 2012, Progress Towards the ASEAN Community

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